

DETERMINATION OF COURT COSTS

According to MCL 769.1k (1)(a)(iii), if a defendant enters a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or if the court determines after a hearing or trial that the defendant is guilty, the court may assess any cost reasonably related to the actual costs incurred by the trial court. The court is not required to separately calculate costs for a particular case. Court costs include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (A) Salaries and benefits for relevant court personnel. *Note: personnel expenses for the probation department and collection officer position are not included as relevant personnel. The work performed is post-adjudication.*
- (B) Goods and services necessary for the operation of the court.
- (C) Necessary expenses for the operation and maintenance of court buildings and facilities

Court costs per case for the year 2017 were determined by taking the 2017 aggregate costs by the work being performed in the division and dividing the figure by the total number of cases actually disposed in 2017

Division	Number of FTE's out of 18.0	Percent Allocated	General Fund Expenses	Costs by Case Type	2017 Dispositions	2017 Cost Per Case
Criminal	10.00	55.56%	\$1,887,209	\$1,048,449	2,913	\$359.92

Court Costs rounded to the nearest \$5.00 = \$360

For detailed information see: <http://dc.ingham.org/Portals/DC/documents/Fines/2018CPCFinal.pdf>